

Statistics on offences and coercive methods

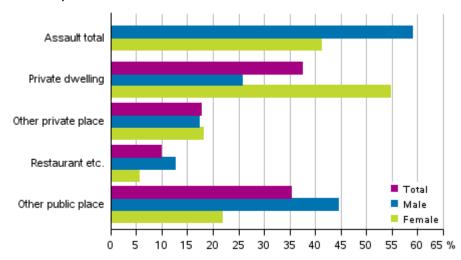
Offences known to the authorities 2016

Victims of crimes committed by persons with foreign background are often also of foreign background

According to Statistics Finland's data, a total of 823,500 offences were recorded in 2016 by the police, customs and border guard in the whole country, which is 4,400 offences (0.5 per cent) more than one year before. In all, 661,000 persons were suspected of the 635,100 offences solved in 2016, which is 2,700 (0.4 per cent) more than one year before. Victims of violent offences recorded numbered 37,600 persons.

Nearly 40 per cent of assault offences were committed in private dwellings. Over one-half of assaults against women and one-quarter of those against men were made in private dwellings. Close on 45 per cent of assaults against men and good one-fifth of those against women took place in a public place. Ten per cent of assaults were made in restaurants.

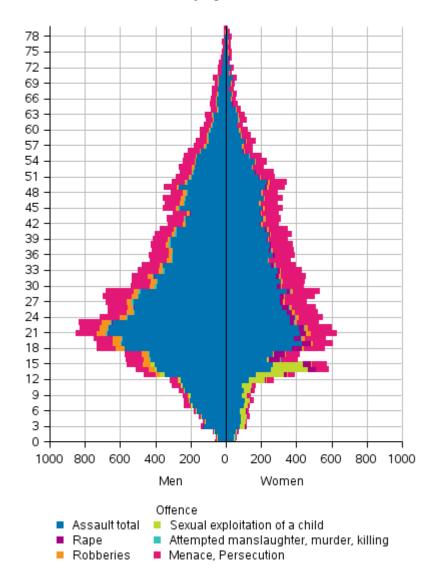
Assault offences by scene and victim's sex in 2016 (Total 33,769 offences)



Victims of violent offences recorded in 2016 numbered 37,600, which was 0.3 per cent more than in 2015. Of the victims, 21,400 (57.0 per cent) were men and 16,200 (43.0 per cent) women. The number of male victims was 0.2 per cent and that of female ones 0.5 per cent higher than in 2015. A total of 33,000 persons were victims of assault offences (Penal Code, Section 21, Paragraphs 5 to 7), 19,400 (58.9 per cent) of them men and 13,500 (41.1 per cent) women. Information on victims is obtained reliably only on certain violent offences.

Altogether 3,000 (9.0 per cent) of the victims of assault offences were aged 18 to 20. There were 4,600 (13.8 per cent) victims aged over 50. Assault offences directed at children aged under 18 increased by 9.2 per cent from the year before. The number of child victims was now 6,450. This is 19.6 per cent of all victims of assault offences. Of child victims of assault offences, 4,100 (64.1 per cent) were boys and 2,300 (35.9 per cent) girls. Among the child victims of assault offences, 33.3 per cent were aged under ten, 34.9 were aged 10 to 14, and 31.8 per cent were aged 15 to 17. Of the 1,100 victims of sexual abuse as a child, 87.4 per cent were girls and 12.6 per cent boys. The legislative amendment, which entered into force at the beginning of 2011, considerably increased the number of recorded assault offences. After the legislative amendment, petty assaults on minors or close relatives became officially prosecutable. In addition, at the beginning of April 2015, an amendment to the Child Welfare Act (1302/2014) came into effect, which extended the reporting obligation in cases where an offence against a child's life or health is suspected.

Victims of certain offences by age and sex in 2016



In terms of solved offences, where, in addition to the victim, the suspect is also known, the victim was of Finnish background in 84.8 per cent of cases and of foreign background in 15.2 per cent of cases. In 2015, victims were of Finnish background in 90.3 per cent and of foreign background in 9.7 per cent of cases. In sexual offences, the victim was of Finnish background in 92.9 per cent of cases, which is 1.3 percentage points higher than in 2015. In assault offences, the victim was of Finnish background in 83.2 per cent of cases, which in turn is 6.6 percentage points lower than in 2015.

When the victim was of foreign background the suspect was also of foreign background in 72.1 per cent of cases. In 2015, the corresponding share was 62.2 per cent. When the victim was of Finnish background the suspect was also of Finnish background in 88.8 per cent of cases. In 2015, this share was 90.2 per cent. In case of sexual offences the suspect was of foreign background in 42.1 per cent of cases for victims of Finnish background. In 2015, this share was 23.0 per cent.

Victims of certain solved offences by origin and person suspected by origin

Victim's origin/offence		Person suspected origin								
		Origin total		Person with Finitotal	nish background	Person with foreign background total				
		2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016			
Origin total	Total	21,047	21,267	17,910	16,925	3,137	4,342			
	Assault offences	14,949	14,814	12,776	11,808	2,173	3,006			
	Sexual offences excl. sexual abuse of children	546	686	396	382	150	304			
	Other offences	5,552	5,767	4,738	4,735	814	1,032			
Person with	Total	19,007	18,044	17,139	16,027	1,868	2,017			
Finnish background	Assault offences	13,416	12,322	12,206	11,163	1,210	1,159			
total	Sexual offences excl. sexual abuse of children	500	637	385	369	115	268			
	Other offences	5,091	5,085	4,548	4,495	543	590			
Person with	Total	2,040	3,223	771	898	1,269	2,325			
foreign background	Assault offences	1,533	2,492	570	645	963	1,847			
total	Sexual offences excl. sexual abuse of children	46	49	11	13	35	36			
	Other offences	461	682	190	240	271	442			

More detailed data on offences reported in 2016 and persons suspected of solved offences and their background are available in the review published on 23 March 2017 and from the <u>PX-Web database</u> service. The database table describing reported domestic violence and intimate partner violence will be updated in connection with the release of 31 May 2017.

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1. Review on offences recorded by the police, customs and border guard

1.1. Summary

A total of 823,500 offences were recorded in 2016 by the police, customs and border guard in the whole country, which was 4,400 offences (0.5 per cent) more than one year before. Of the recorded offences, 466,900 were offences against the Penal Code, i.e. offences defined in the Penal Code. Compared with 2015, the number of offences against the Penal Code decreased by 7,500 (1.6 per cent). The number of offences against the Penal Code reported has fallen from 2011, when 531,800 offences were reported. Over the year, 285,400 offences against the Penal Code were solved, while the corresponding figure was 295,300 one year previously. Of all recorded offences, 635,100 were solved. A majority of offences outside the Penal Code consists of traffic infractions, violations of social welfare legislation on road traffic and motor vehicle infractions.

The vast majority of the offences was recorded by the police. A total of 15,500 offences were recorded by the customs and border guard, which was 1.9 per cent of all offences reported to the authorities. Altogether, 9,500 offences were recorded by the customs, which was equal to 2015. A total of 6,000 offences were recorded by the border guard, which was 12 per cent more than one year before. Around one-quarter of the offences recorded by the customs and border guard were alcohol offences or minor alcohol offences and narcotics offences.

Examined by region, the number of offences against the Penal Code increased in the regions of Central Ostrobothnia (+9.7%), Åland (+6.3%), Uusimaa (+3.5%), and South Ostrobothnia (+1.9%). The number of offences fell most in relative terms in the region of Etelä-Savo by 11.9 per cent from the year before.

Relative to the population, the highest numbers of offences were recorded in the regions of Kymenlaakso and Päijät-Häme. In the whole country, 8,508 offences per 100,000 population were recorded while the corresponding figure in 2015 was 8,645.

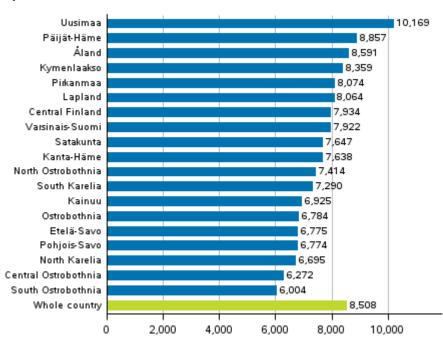


Figure 1. Offences against the Criminal Code by region per 100,000 population in 2016

During 2016, altogether 3,300 identity thefts were recorded. Identity theft was added to the Penal Code on 4 September 2015 and during 2015 a total of 518 cases of identity theft were reported. During 2016, a total of 960 identity thefts were solved.

1.2. Offences against property

In 2016, a total of 230,200 offences against property were recorded, which was 2.6 per cent lower than the year before. Among offences against property, theft offences (theft Penal Code, Section 28, Paragraph 1, aggravated theft Section 28, Paragraph 2, and petty theft Section 28, Paragraph 3) formed the biggest group. In all, 131,400 of them were reported, which was five per cent fewer than one year previously. The number of theft offences has mainly been falling throughout the 2000s. The number of thefts (Penal Code, Section 28, Paragraph 1) recorded in 2016 was 64,100, or 7.3 per cent fewer than one year before. The recorded number of aggravated thefts (Penal Code, Section 28, Paragraph 2) was 3,400, which was 4.9 per cent fewer than in 2015. The number of petty thefts (Penal Code, Section 28, Paragraph 3) recorded was 64,000, which was 2.6 per cent lower than in 2015. One-third (46,800) of all theft offences were thefts and petty thefts from shops. Compared with 2015, the number of thefts from shops fell by 1.8 per cent.

The number of burglaries (thefts, aggravated thefts or petty thefts through unlawful breaking in) reported was 33,300, which was 2.5 per cent fewer than in 2015. The number of break-ins into free-time residences decreased by 27.1 per cent. A total of 1,200 of them were reported in 2016. Breaking into residences went down by 5.3 per cent from the previous year. A total of 4,100 of them were recorded. Breaking into a motor vehicle decreased by 8.3 per cent.

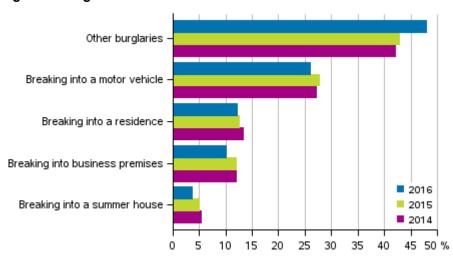


Figure 2. Burglaries 2016

One-sixth of property offences were damages to property. In all, 35,200 of them were recorded, which was 6.5 per cent lower than in 2015. The number of damages to property has been on the decline for a few past years. Good one-half of damages to property were committed in public places.

The number of frauds (fraud Penal Code, Section 36, Paragraph 1, petty fraud Section 36, Paragraph 2, aggravated fraud Section 36, Paragraph 3) recorded was 25,100, which was 3.9 per cent fewer than in 2015. Frauds make up around one-tenth of offences against property. In all, 15,100 means of payment frauds were recorded, which was 38.6 per cent more than in 2015. The number of both frauds and means of payment frauds has mainly been growing over the past ten years.

In 2016, a total of 1,250 accounting and debtor offences were recorded, which was 5.6 per cent lower than in the previous year. Forgery offences (forgery, petty forgery, aggravated forgery, possession of forgery materials Penal Code, Section 33, Paragraphs 1 to 4) recorded was 2,600, which was 4.9 per cent down on 2015. The number of recorded forgery offences has been declining almost throughout the 2000s. In 2010, a total of 4,600 of them were recorded and in 2000 a total of 6,200.

The number of robberies reported was 1,670, which was 7.9 per cent more than in 2015, when 8.2 per cent fewer of them were reported than in 2014. Of the robbery offences, 1,250, or 75.5 per cent, took place in a public place in 2016. Of the robberies, 16.6 per cent were aggravated.

Theft, aggravated theft Petty theft Damages to property Frauds Other offences against property Means of payment frauds Forgeries 2016 2015 Robberies 2014 0 5 10 15 35 % 20 25 30

Figure 3. Offences against property 2016 (In total 230,174 offences)

Table 1. Selected offences against property by region per 100,000 population in 2016

Region	All offences against property	Burglaries	Unauthorised thefts of a motor vehicle	Robberies	Damages to property	Embezz- lements	Frauds, means of payment frauds
Whole country	4,195	606	122	30	641	53	732
Uusimaa	5,593	801	157	46	875	69	700
Varsinais-Suomi	3,780	635	114	32	516	66	557
Satakunta	3,139	614	85	25	569	42	462
Kanta-Häme	3,528	543	112	14	667	22	603
Pirkanmaa	4,230	647	138	40	656	47	650
Päijät-Häme	4,201	718	136	26	570	46	893
Kymenlaakso	3,948	550	178	22	609	53	559
South Karelia	3,253	483	138	18	495	48	494
Etelä-Savo	2,711	514	82	11	508	31	482
Pohjois-Savo	2,771	314	55	19	523	60	456
North Karelia	2,515	269	66	14	503	39	393
Central Finland	3,416	491	80	23	521	55	627
South Ostrobothnia	1,816	279	50	10	324	34	292
Ostrobothnia	2,957	460	101	15	510	24	293
Central Ostrobothnia	1,957	309	59	6	417	32	255
North Ostrobothnia	3,435	548	140	28	503	41	559
Kainuu	2,815	335	64	15	528	39	511
Lapland	3,473	480	109	12	570	48	581
Åland	3,050	635	86	28	725	59	238

1.3. Offences against the person

In 2016, a total of 33,800 assault offences (assault, petty assault, aggravated assault) were recorded, which was 100 cases (0.3 per cent) fewer than in 2015. Aggravated assaults increased by 1.9 per cent compared to the previous year. The number recorded was 1,590. Over the past ten years (2007 to 2016), 35,000 assaults, on average, have been reported yearly. The legislative amendment, which entered into force at

the beginning of 2011, considerably increased the number of assault offences recorded in 2011. After the legislative amendment, petty assaults on minors or close relatives became officially prosecutable. In 2011, 40,200 assault offences were recorded.

The recorded number of offences against life was 78. This was 18 cases fewer than in 2015. The number of offences against life in 2015 included 12 murders made with terrorist intent abroad, which the Finnish police were investigating. Of the offences against life recorded in 2016, two were murders made with terrorist intent. The annual average for the past ten years is 106. The corresponding figure was 130 between 1997 and 2006. Altogether 311 attempted manslaughters, murders or killings were recorded, which was 12 more than in 2015. When recording an offence, the line between attempted manslaughter and aggravated assault is open to interpretation, which may have an effect on the level changes visible in the statistics.

A total of 1,160 rapes (rape, aggravated rape, Paragraph 3) were recorded, which is 10.3 per cent more than in 2015. From 2007 to 2016, an average of 938 rapes were reported per year. The recorded number of sexual exploitations of a child was 1,240, which is one per cent more than in the year before. The number of sexual harassment cases recorded was 535, which was 252 cases (89 per cent) more than in 2015. Sexual harassment was added to the Penal Code on 1 September 2014. The recorded numbers of rapes and sexual exploitations of a child can vary much yearly. Individual reports may include a series of incidents comprising several criminal acts.

In 2016, 58 per cent of offences against the person and 38 per cent of assault offences were committed in private dwellings. In all, 15.1 per cent of rape offences were committed in public places. The corresponding share was 18.7 per cent in 2015 and 23.5 per cent of rape offences were committed in public places in 2009. More than one-half of sexual harassment cases occurred in a public place or in a public event.

Table 2. Selected violent offences by region per 100,000 population in 2016

Region	Manslaughter, murder, killing and their attempts	Assault	Aggravated assault	Petty assault	Rape offences
Whole country	7	415	29	170	21
Uusimaa	7	511	25	180	24
Varsinais-Suomi	5	348	23	212	16
Satakunta	7	364	39	169	14
Kanta-Häme	4	321	42	202	14
Pirkanmaa	5	387	28	170	18
Päijät-Häme	7	359	34	113	19
Kymenlaakso	7	331	28	151	17
South Karelia	4	318	25	202	19
Etelä-Savo	6	352	24	198	16
Pohjois-Savo	8	331	32	228	24
North Karelia	5	279	26	219	13
Central Finland	10	518	34	158	25
South Ostrobothnia	7	343	30	105	7
Ostrobothnia	4	351	22	93	19
Central Ostrobothnia	1	420	30	114	18
North Ostrobothnia	6	388	29	110	16
Kainuu	6	452	33	215	11
Lapland	14	440	39	168	43
Åland	3	434	38	134	31

1.4. Offences involving intoxicating substances

In all, 25,100 narcotics offences were recorded in 2016, which was 1,700 cases (7.2 per cent) more than in 2015. The number of aggravated narcotics offences went up by 10.2 per cent from the previous year.

A total of 1,179 of them were recorded. Good 60 per cent of narcotics offences are use offences. In all, 15,700 cases were recorded, which was 550 cases (3.6 per cent) more than in 2015.

From 2009, the figures include the offences recorded by the customs and border guard, which increases the number of narcotics offences by about one-tenth compared with narcotics offences known to the police.

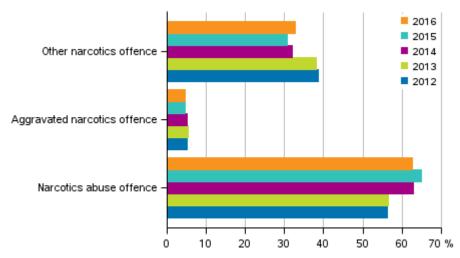


Figure 4. Narcotics offences in 2012–2016

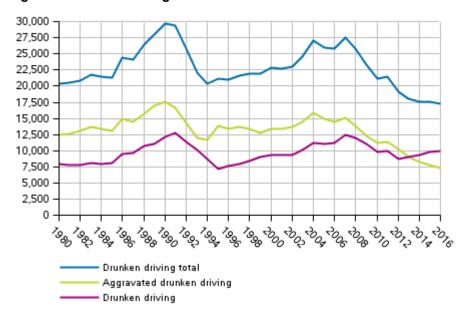
The recorded number of alcohol offences and minor alcohol offences was 2,900, which was 320 cases, or 10.0 per cent lower than in 2015.

When compiling statistics on offences involving intoxicating substances, offences comprising several criminal acts are entered as one. Offences involving intoxicating substances are such that they are generally found out only as a result of the activity of the police or customs and border guard officials and the majority of the offences remain undisclosed.

1.5 Drunken driving and traffic offences

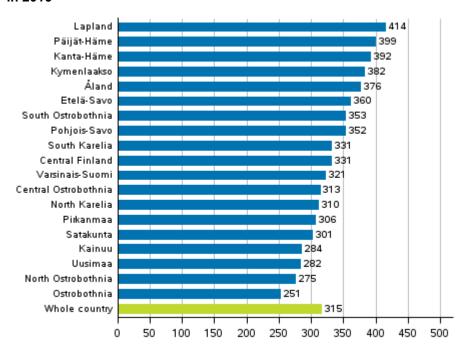
Aggravated drunken driving decreased by 6.8 per cent and other drunken driving increased by 2.0 per cent from 2015. In all, 17,300 drunken driving offences were recorded, which was 300 cases or 1.9 per cent lower than in the previous year. The number of drunken driving offences recorded has primarily been decreasing in the past ten years. They have fallen by over one-third from the record figures of 1990.

Figure 5. Drunken driving offences in 1980-2016



In 66.5 per cent of drunken driving cases the intoxicant was alcohol and in 29.0 per cent some other narcotic substance. The remaining 4.5 per cent had used both. Drunken driving caused by alcohol decreased by 5.5 per cent, that caused by narcotic substances increased by 6.2 per cent and the combined use of alcohol and narcotic substances grew by 7.1 per cent.

Figure 6. Drunken driving offences by region per 100,000 population in 2016



In 2016, a total of 411,700 cases of endangerment of traffic safety, traffic infractions, violations of social welfare legislation on road traffic and motor vehicle infractions were registered, which was 1.5 per cent more than in 2015. Most of them were offences found out in connection with police surveillance and guidance. The recorded number of aggravated endangerment of traffic safety was 3,900, which was 0.8 per cent down on 2015. The police recorded 299,300 cases of exceeding speed limits, which was 2.9 per cent higher than in the year before. Problems connected to the re-organisation of automatic traffic control brought about a substantial fall in the number of traffic offences recorded in the early part of 2014 compared

2. Persons suspected of solved offences

2.1 Solved offences

During 2016, the police, customs and border guard solved a total of 635,000 offences. The clearance rate was 77.1 per cent, which was 0.2 percentage points lower than in the previous year. Altogether, 285,400 offences against the Penal Code were solved and their clearance rate was 61.1 per cent, which was 1.1 percentage points lower than in 2015. The clearance rate for offences is calculated so that the offences recorded by the police in the statistical reference year and all the offences solved in that same year are compared with each other. For this reason, the clearance rate may be over 100 for some offences.

Among municipalities of over 30,000 inhabitants the clearance rate of offences against the Penal Code was the highest in Kokkola (76.4%), Lappeenranta (76.4%) and Seinäjoki (76.0%). The lowest clearance rates were found in Kerava (42.3%); Järvenpää (49.8%) and Helsinki (51.4%).

The clearance rate varies by type of offence quite strongly. In all, 37.5 per cent of offences against property and 68.0 per cent of offences against life and health were solved. Due to the manner of disclosure, drunken driving and traffic offences, and offences involving intoxicating substances almost all become solved. In all, 73.1 per cent of frauds (Penal Code, Section 36, Paragraphs 1 to 3) and 83.3 per cent of offences against life were solved. The clearance rate was 67.5 per cent for assault offences.

The clearance rates are the lowest for theft offences (theft, aggravated theft, petty theft), damages to property, means of payment frauds and unauthorised thefts of a motor vehicle. In 2016, fewer than every sixth theft (Penal Code, Section 28, Paragraphs 1 to 2) was solved. In turn, over one-half of petty thefts were solved. Good one-fifth of damages to property and fewer than one-in-ten of means of payment frauds were cleared. One-third of unauthorised thefts of a motor vehicle were solved. Good one-half of robberies were solved.

Table 4. Clearance rate of certain types of offences in 1986-2016

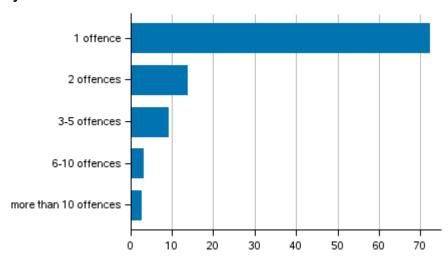
Offence	1986 - 1990	1991 - 1995	1996 - 2000	2001 - 2005	2006 - 2010	2011 - 2015	2016
Offences against the Criminal Code	69	58	57	63	67	63	61
Theft	25	17	14	16	18	15	15
Aggravated theft	39	29	40	41	38	34	33
Petty theft	78	70	67	58	57	56	54
Robbery	53	43	42	45	49	54	53
Damages to property	29	27	27	26	25	22	22
Attempted manslaughter, murder or killing	96	91	92	94	97	92	88
Assault	79	74	76	80	81	76	67
Aggravated assault	85	84	83	87	88	84	81
Petty assault	95	86	79	75	73	72	66
Rape	63	56	57	63	66	70	67
Sexual exploitation of a child	91	84	88	82	86	75	69

2.2 Persons suspected of offences

In all, 311,100 persons were suspected of the 285,400 solved offences against the Penal Code in 2016. The same person can be a suspect of several different offences. In all, 19.9 per cent of such suspects were women. When calculating according to the most aggravated offence against the Penal Code of a person (a person can be a suspect only one time during the year), 140,100 different persons were suspects. Thus, one person was a suspect of 2.2 offences, on average.

The majority of suspects, 72.1 per cent, were suspects of only one offence in 2016. In all, 13.7 per cent were suspects of two offences. Of the suspects, 14.2 per cent were suspected of more than two offences.

Figure 7. Persons suspected of offences against the Criminal Code by number of offences in 2016



In addition to the quantitative difference, the criminality of men and women differs in that women's shares of assaults, drunken driving and damages to property were small compared to men. However, the share of women suspected of assaults has grown from under ten per cent in 1980 to around twenty per cent. Typical crimes for women were petty thefts, frauds, embezzlements and forgeries. The most common age for both a woman and man suspect was 20 years. The average age of suspected men was 33.7 years and that of women is 34.6 years.

Of persons suspected of solved offences 25 per cent were under the influence of some intoxicant. Of the suspects, 15 per cent were under the influence of alcohol, 8 of some other intoxicant and 2 per cent of alcohol and some other intoxicant. In offences against property, 14 per cent of suspects were under the influence of some intoxicant. In crimes against life and health, 46 per cent and in rapes, 42 per cent of suspects were under the influence of an intoxicant.

Table 5. Suspects of solved offences against the Criminal Code by age and sex in 2007-2016, share per 1,000 population

Gender/	Gender/age group		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Total	Total	79	76	72	69	69	64	62	59	58	57
	Aged under 15	12	16	14	13	14	11	10	9	8	8
	Aged 15-17	121	128	123	122	126	109	103	98	91	84
	Aged 18-20	242	239	217	208	214	201	198	185	185	175
	Aged over 20	84	79	75	72	71	67	65	63	62	60
Male	Total	131	128	119	115	115	106	102	97	95	92
	Aged under 15	18	23	20	18	20	15	14	13	12	12
	Aged 15-17	201	212	199	194	203	176	167	161	149	135
	Aged 18-20	393	384	343	332	340	320	314	290	292	271
	Aged over 20	140	135	127	123	120	112	108	104	102	100
Female	Total	30	26	26	25	26	23	24	23	23	22
	Aged under 15	6	7	7	8	8	6	5	4	4	4
	Aged 15-17	37	40	44	46	47	39	37	33	31	31
	Aged 18-20	83	87	85	79	82	77	77	76	72	73
	Aged over 20	32	27	26	25	26	24	25	24	24	23

In 2016, the share of young and under-age people, aged 21 or under, among all suspects of offences against the Penal Code was 17.9 per cent, having been 18.2 per cent one year earlier. The shares of young people were large for alcohol offences, robberies, damages to property, thefts of a motor vehicle, and aggravated

endangering of traffic safety. Young people made up 39.7 per cent of persons suspected of robberies, 36.5 per cent of suspects of damages to property and 29.9 per cent of those suspected of aggravated endangering of traffic safety. In all, 19.5 per cent of those suspected of assaults were young people.

2.3 Backgrounds of suspects

The average income subject to state taxation of suspects of offences against the Penal Code aged 15 or over belonging to the registered population (living permanently and temporarily in Finland and with a Finnish personal identity code) was around EUR 24,000, while the corresponding income in total population was about EUR 28,800. Income tax is paid to the state on both earned income and capital income. The corresponding median income was EUR 15,700 and EUR 23,700. Of the suspects, 23.3 per cent had an income of under EUR 5,000, while this was so for 10.2 per cent of the entire population. Among the suspects, 43.4 per cent had an income of at least EUR 20,000, while the share for the entire population was 57.4 per cent. All those whose income subject to state taxation is not known also belong to the group of under EUR 2,499. The figures given in this Section are calculated so that one person is a suspect only one time. The figures calculated here differ from the figures presented elsewhere in this publication where the same person can be a suspect several times during a year. Those guilty of endangerment of traffic safety or traffic infraction were not taken into account in the figures. The data on income subject to state tax of suspects are based on the National Board of Taxes' data in the tax database concerning income subject to state taxation from 2015. In the sections concerning total population, only people permanently resident in Finland were taken into consideration.

Table 6. Persons suspected of offences against the Criminal Code by sex and income (euro) in 2016, aged 15 and over

Income/sex		Total	- 2,499	2,500 - 4,999	5,000 - 9,999	10,000 - 19,999	20,000 - 39,999	40,000 -79,999	80,000 and over	
Income subject to	Sex total	Persons suspected	134,198	25,295	6,171	19,668	24,608	35,230	18,981	4,245
state taxation		%	100.0	18.8	4.5	14.6	18.3	26.2	14.1	3.1
laxaliUII	Men	Persons suspected	103,393	20,484	4,766	14,886	17,713	26,080	15,769	3,695
		%	100.0	19.8	4.6	14.3	17.1	25.2	15.2	3.5
	Women	Persons suspected	30,805	4,811	1,405	4,782	6,895	9,150	3,212	550
		%	100.0	15.6	4.5	15.5	22.3	29.7	10.4	1.7
Disposable income	Sex total	Persons suspected	134,198	16,073	5,678	14,870	43,452	44,076	8,446	1,603
		%	100.0	11.9	4.2	11.0	32.3	32.8	6.2	1.1
	Men	Persons suspected	103,393	13,314	4,616	11,978	32,705	32,327	7,015	1,438
		%	100.0	12.8	4.4	11.5	31.6	31.2	6.7	1.3
	Women	Persons suspected	30,805	2,759	1,062	2,892	10,747	11,749	1,431	165
		%	100.0	8.9	3.4	9.3	34.8	38.1	4.6	0.5

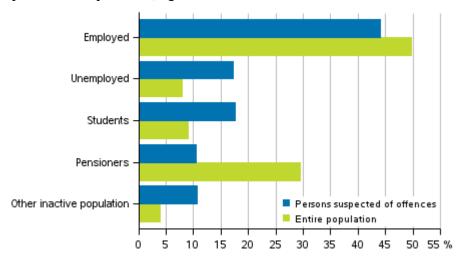
When viewed by disposable money income, the income level of those suspected of offences against the Penal Code was higher. The median of the suspects' disposable income is 82 per cent of that of total population. With income subject to state taxation, the share is 66 per cent. Of the suspects, 16.1 per cent had an income of under EUR 5,000, while according to income subject to state taxation, this group included 23.3 per cent of the suspects. The respective figures for the whole population are 8.5 and 10.2 per cent. Disposable income of over EUR 20,000 was earned by 39.2 per cent of suspects and 50.2 per cent of total population. Disposable income = earned income + entrepreneurial income + property income + current transfers received - current transfers paid. Disposable income is a better measure than income subject to state taxation for describing the actual income of suspects.

Figure 8. Persons suspected of offences against the Criminal Code and the entire population by income subject to state taxation and disposable income in 2016, aged 15 years and over



Classified by main type of activity, 44.1 per cent of the suspects of offences against the Penal Code (belonging to the registered population aged 15 or over) were employed persons. Of all suspects, 17.2 per cent were unemployed and 10.7 per cent in the inactive population. Of the whole population, 49.7 per cent were employed, 7.9 per cent unemployed and 3.9 per cent in the inactive population. The information on main type of activity is from 2014 so it may differ from the current situation.

Figure 9. Persons suspected of offences and the entire population by main activity in 2016, aged 15 and over



Of suspects of offences against the Penal Code aged 15 or over, 42.4 per cent had completed only basic level education and 41.5 per cent upper secondary level education. The respective figures for the whole population were 29.2 and 40.8 per cent.

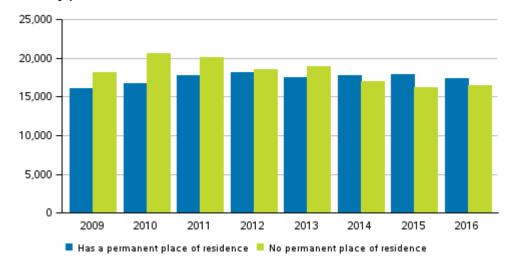
In Appendix tables 4 to 7, the same person can be a suspect several times. This is a common way to present the number of suspects of offences in the statistics. This produces a better view of criminality as a phenomenon and the backgrounds of the persons guilty of a particular offence can be described better.

2.4 Origin and foreign citizens

The number of persons suspected of offences against the Penal Code solved in 2016 by the police, customs and border guard was 311,100, of whom 33,700 were citizens of foreign countries. Compared to 2015, the number of all suspects of offences against the Penal Code decreased by 3.0 per cent, while the number of foreign citizens suspected went down by 1.1 per cent. The share of foreign nationals in all suspects of offences against the Penal Code was 10.8 per cent. One year earlier, the corresponding share was 10.6 per cent. The share of foreigners among suspects living permanently in Finland was 5.9 per cent. In 2016, Estonians (8,600) and Russians (4,500) made up the biggest group of foreign suspects. Of Estonian suspects, 48.6 per cent and 41.1 per cent of Russians had a permanent place of residence in Finland. Compared with the year before, the number of offences by Estonians decreased by 3.9 per cent and those by Russians by 10.0 per cent. Citizens of the former Soviet Union are also included in Russians.

Other countries where over 1,000 of its citizens were suspected were Iraq (3,200), Somalia (1,400), Sweden (1,800) and Romania (1,500). Of Romanians, only 12.3 per cent had a permanent place of residence in Finland. The respective shares for Somalis and Iraqis were 92.6 and 45.2 per cent. Of Swedes, 49.8 per cent had a permanent place of residence in Finland. In 2015, there were 2,100 Iraqi suspects and 65.3 per cent of them were permanently living in Finland. There were 1,500 Iraqi suspects and 86 per cent of them were living permanently in Finland in 2014. One person can be guilty of many different offences during a year.

Figure 10. Foreign citizens suspected of offences against the Criminal Code by place of residence in Finland in 2009–2016



Among the offences solved in 2016, altogether 51.3 per cent of the suspected foreign citizens were living permanently in Finland. The share was 1 percentage points lower than in 2015. Foreign suspects living in Finland were slightly younger than Finnish suspects were. Their average age was 31 years, while that of Finnish suspects was 32 years. Typical offences by foreigners living in Finland were theft, assault and narcotics offences, as well as driving a motor vehicle without a licence.

In the statistics, the same person can be a suspect several times. Data on the nationality of suspects and on whether they are permanently resident in Finland are based on the nationality data derived from the police and those selected by means of the personal identity code from the population data. The group "no permanent place of residence in Finland" is in that sense problematic, because it may include persons staying longer periods in Finland without applying for a permanent place of residence here. The group may also include persons suspected of a narcotics offence, for example, who have come to Finland only for the purpose of committing a crime. The number of foreign nationals differs somewhat from the figures reported by the police because the police also reports the nationality of the suspect in cases where the investigation is still ongoing. Only solved offences are included in Statistics Finland's figures.

Table 7. Suspects of solved offences against the Criminal Code living in Finland by age and nationality in 2016

Age group	Suspects living per	manently in Finland	Share per 1,000 population in the age group			
	Finnish residents Foreign citizens		Finnish residents	Foreign citizens		
-14	6,832	474	7.9	13.7		
15-17	13,926	617	81.3	109.1		
18-20	30,849	1,198	168.5	190.6		
21-24	36,994	2,028	141.7	156.9		
25-29	38,756	3,416	123.9	114.5		
30-34	35,307	3,077	109.2	91.9		
35-39	28,336	2,310	89.1	83.0		
40-49	39,822	2,912	63.3	74.7		
50-59	25,750	970	35.8	41.5		
60-69	12,655	226	17.1	20.9		
70-	5,462	73	7.4	12.0		
Total	274,689	17,301	52.2	75.3		

Origin of suspects

Of the 139,200 persons suspected of offences against the Penal Code, 123,700 (88.9 per cent) were of Finnish background. There were 15,200 suspects with foreign background (10.9 per cent). The figures were calculated so that a person is a suspect only one time during the year, which means that this is not the "gross number" of suspects. In the whole population, 93.8 per cent are of Finnish background and 6.2 per cent of foreign background. Of suspects with Finnish background, 2,400 (1.9 per cent) had been born abroad. Of suspects with foreign background, 93.6 per cent had been born abroad. In the review, included are persons belonging to the registered population, that is, people with a Finnish personal identity code. Data on origin are from 2016, so the data on origin of good one two hundred persons were unknown even though they had a Finnish personal identity code. Typically, these persons have moved to Finland in 2016.

Suspects born in Finland with Finnish background numbered 23.8 per 1,000 population with the same origin. In turn, the figure for foreign-born suspects with Finnish background was 47.6. Good one-half of foreign-born persons with Finnish background were born in Sweden. The share of Finnish-born suspects with foreign background per 1,000 population was 18.3 per cent and that of foreign-born persons with foreign background was 49.6 per cent.

Persons suspect of offences against the Criminal Code by origin and share per 1,000 population 2015-2016

Origin	Suspecte	d	Share per 1,000 population		
	2015	2016	2015	2016	
Origin total	148,637	139,119	27.1	25.4	
Person with Finnish background total	132,883	123,674	25.8	24.0	
Person with Finnish background born in Finland	130,398	121,275	25.6	23.8	
Person with Finnish background born abroad	2,485	2,399	49.3	47.6	
Person with foreign background total	15,729	15,211	46.3	44.7	
Person with foreign background born in Finland	968	974	18.2	18.3	
Person with foreign background born abroad	14,761	14,237	51.5	49.6	
Origin unknown	25	234	_	_	

A person whose one or both parents were born in Finland is counted as having Finnish background. A person has foreign background if his or her both parents were born abroad. There are more of younger age groups and men among persons with foreign background compared with those with Finnish background. In all, 64.8 per cent of those with foreign background and 45.9 per cent of those with Finnish background are aged under 40.

More details about the origin of suspects by age group and sex is available in the appendix table. The figures are calculated so that one person is a suspect only one time. The figures calculated here differ from the figures presented elsewhere in this publication where the same person can be a suspect several times during a year.

If the number of suspects is calculated so that the same person can be a suspect of several offences against the Penal Code, the number of suspects with Finnish background was 268,500 (86.3 per cent of suspects). Of them, 260,100 were born in Finland and 8,400 abroad. Suspects with foreign background numbered 28,900 (9.3 per cent of suspects). Of persons with foreign background, 2,500 were born in Finland and 26,500 abroad. Among suspects, 0.1 per cent were of unknown origin and 13,400 (4.4 per cent) did not have population information. Population information is missing for tourists and those staying temporarily in the country, for example. Compared with 2015, the number of suspects with Finnish background declined by three per cent and that of suspects with foreign background decreased by 0.7 per cent. The number of Finnish-born suspects with foreign background increased by 9.5 per cent. The number of persons in the group "no population information" grew by 0.8 per cent.

In 2016, a person was suspect of an average of 2.2 solved offences against the Penal Code. Persons with Finnish background born in Finland were suspects of 2.2 offences and persons with Finnish background

born abroad of 3.5 offences. Of persons with foreign background, those born in Finland 2.5 offences and those born abroad of 1.9 offences.	were suspects of

Appendix tables

Appendix table 1. Development of certain types of offences in 2012 to 2016

Offence	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
1) OFFENCES AND IFRACTIONS TOTAL	860,692	869,402	828,296	819,012	823,449
2) Offences against the Criminal Code	491,846	489,765	482,050	474,377	466,857
3) Offences A to F	425,421	424,786	417,898	413,233	411,725
A Offences against property	237,609	240,547	241,326	236,323	230,174
Burglaries total	35,046	32,514	33,972	34,106	33,251
Breaking into a residence	6,281	5,749	6,363	5,985	5,300
- into a free-time residence	1,478	1,791	1,840	1,683	1,227
- into another residence	4,803	3,958	4,523	4,302	4,073
Breaking into business premises	4,001	3,843	4,044	4,079	3,329
Breaking into a motor vehicle	10,738	9,597	9,253	9,441	8,654
Other burglaries	14,026	13,325	14,312	14,601	15,968
Unauthorised uses and thefts of a motor vehicle, thefts of use of a motor vehicle, total	8,815	7,963	7,773	7,454	6,700
Robberies total	1,616	1,524	1,689	1,550	1,673
- aggravated robbery	218	196	216	266	277
Damages to property total	44,417	43,375	42,516	37,619	35,170
- aggravated damage to property	239	266	253	254	300
Embezzlements total	3,272	3,574	3,075	2,912	2,924
- aggravated embezzlement	1,426	1,458	1,723	1,820	1,817
Frauds total	20,946	22,835	23,515	26,091	25,065
Means of payment frauds	6,231	7,607	7,771	10,913	15,124
- aggravated means of payment fraud	127	123	123	193	161
B Offences against life and health	40,853	38,026	35,236	36,239	36,094
Manslaughter, murder or killing	89	95	101	96	78
Attempted manslaughter, murder or killing	350	264	327	299	311
Assaults total	38,231	35,515	32,928	33,874	33,769
- aggravated assault	1,874	1,791	1,645	1,563	1,592
C Sexual offences	3,511	3,310	3,001	2,972	3,327
Sexual exploitation of a child	1,567	1,657	1,416	1,230	1,242
Rape	1,009	975	1,009	1,052	1,160
D Offences against public authority and public peace	14,361	13,700	12,592	12,880	13,399
(Violent) resisting of an official in the performance of his/her duties	1,852	1,682	1,704	1,718	1,883
Impeding an official	2,183	1,916	1,863	1,810	1,852
E Certain traffic offences	48,005	45,251	45,557	44,940	44,759
Drunken driving total	19,134	17,994	17,608	17,638	17,308
- aggravated drunken driving	10,333	9,001	8,304	7,816	7,285
F Other offences	81,082	83,952	80,186	79,879	83,972
Narcotics offences total	20,102	22,656	21,781	23,400	25,082
- aggravated narcotics offence	1,025	1,237	1,161	1,070	1,179
Alcohol offence/Minor alcohol offence	4,601	4,474	3,686	3,195	2,876
4) Endangerment of traffic safety, hit-and-run, traffic infraction, violation of social welfare legislation on road traffic and motor vehicle infraction	435,271	444,616	410,398	405,779	411,724
- exceeding speed limits ¹⁾	288,904	315,849	293,752	291,000	299,336
- · ·					

¹⁾ Exceeding speed limits registered as endangerment of traffic safety, aggravated endangerment of traffic safety and traffic infractions.

Appendix table 2. Persons suspected of offences living in Finland by nationality in 2013 to 2016, share per 1,000 population $^{1)}$

Offence/Ye	ar	Total	Finnish citizens	Citizens of foreign countries	Sweden	Estonia	Russia/Former Soviet Union	Somalia	Citizens of other foreign countries
Offences	2013	123.9	123.4	137.9	200.3	137.0	128.6	225.5	526.1
and infractions	2014	115.6	115.0	130.5	171.5	131.9	121.8	267.3	487.1
total	2015	114.7	114.2	126.8	182.7	138.2	113.5	265.1	464.1
	2016	115.2	114.4	131.8	195.7	146.8	110.5	226.1	484.0
Offences	2013	58.3	57.3	84.5	120.3	86.0	71.4	178.7	315.6
against the	2014	55.9	54.8	80.8	101.1	79.9	71.3	219.2	293.6
Criminal	2015	55.1	54.1	77.7	113.7	81.8	66.6	214.2	277.6
Code	2016	53.2	52.2	75.3	111.8	83.3	59.8	175.3	269.1
Offences	2013	46.7	45.6	72.8	105.5	73.4	64.1	169.2	268.1
A to F	2014	44.5	43.5	69.8	87.1	67.5	63.0	217.9	249.0
	2015	44.4	43.5	66.2	99.0	69.3	59.7	207.7	231.9
	2016	43.6	42.7	64.4	102.2	69.3	54.6	167.7	226.7
Theft	2013	9.9	9.8	13.9	24.2	15.4	12.8	59.1	48.9
offences	2014	9.7	9.6	13.1	14.7	12.7	12.4	79.3	43.4
	2015	9.2	9.1	12.4	20.3	14.2	12.1	66.5	40.8
	2016	8.8	8.7	11.3	15.0	13.3	10.5	62.3	36.8
Robbery	2013	0.2	0.2	0.5	1.0	0.4	0.3	1.5	1.8
offences	2014	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.5	5.4	2.0
	2015	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	6.5	1.6
	2016	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.9	0.3	0.2	4.4	1.3
Fraud	2013	3.5	3.5	3.9	5.6	3.0	2.2	12.2	14.4
offences	2014	3.2	3.2	4.0	10.4	2.5	2.2	10.2	14.4
	2015	4.0	4.0	3.8	6.5	3.9	1.9	12.9	13.9
	2016	4.0	4.1	3.2	11.6	2.7	3.3	8.1	11.2
Assault	2013	5.4	5.1	11.9	11.7	9.7	7.3	27.2	44.3
offences	2014	4.8	4.6	11.4	7.1	9.0	7.2	31.6	40.9
	2015	4.6	4.3	10.4	8.6	7.5	7.2	33.1	37.0
	2016	4.3	4.1	10.0	11.4	7.2	6.4	25.2	36.0
Rape	2013	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.7	2.4
offences	2014	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.2	1.2	2.0
	2015	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	1.8	2.2
	2016	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.2	1.1	2.2
Drunken	2013	3.0	3.0	4.3	5.2	8.4	5.0	2.3	16.2
driving offences	2014	2.9	2.9	4.0	4.8	7.2	5.2	3.3	14.4
Ollerices	2015	3.0	2.9	4.1	5.9	7.4	5.5	3.6	14.9
	2016	2.9	2.8	4.1	5.6	8.1	4.4	2.6	14.9
Narcotics	2013	3.6	3.6	4.6	6.2	3.6	5.5	12.2	16.6
offences	2014	3.6	3.5	5.1	6.0	3.6	5.3	20.9	17.7
	2015	3.9	3.8	5.3	8.8	5.0	4.5	18.7	18.2
	2016	4.0	3.9	5.8	10.0	5.3	3.5	16.1	20.0

¹⁾ The same person can be a suspect several times during the year

Appendix table 3. Persons suspected of offences and the entire population by income (euro) subject to state taxation in 2016, aged 15 and ${\sf over}^1$

Offences		Total	- 2,499	2,500 - 4,999	5,000 - 9,999	10,000 - 19,999	20,000 - 39,999	40,000 - 79,999	80,000 and over
1 Offences and		632,589	115,594	25,610	80,702	98,800	170,521	113,168	28,194
infractions total	%	100.1	18.3	4.0	12.8	15.6	27.0	17.9	4.5
2 Offences	Suspected	290,424	85,462	17,693	58,032	49,355	50,393	24,203	5,286
against the Criminal Code	%	100.0	29.4	6.1	20.0	17.0	17.4	8.3	1.8
3 Offences A to	Suspected	236,879	80,519	15,402	53,478	40,461	32,326	12,279	2,414
F	%	100.0	34.0	6.5	22.6	17.1	13.6	5.2	1.0
Offences	Suspected	94,516	38,288	6,691	24,431	14,552	7,886	2,131	537
against property	%	100.0	40.5	7.1	25.8	15.4	8.3	2.3	0.6
Theft offences	Suspected	46,024	21,016	3,137	13,035	5,997	2,359	436	44
Their oliences	%	99.9	45.7	6.8	28.3	13.0	5.1	0.9	0.1
Dobboni							_		0.1
Robbery offences	Suspected	1,382	774	128	290	138	46	6	-
-	%	100.0	56.0	9.3	21.0	10.0	3.3	0.4	-
Damage to property	Suspected	8,250	2,964	645	2,030	1,363	931	276	41
	%	99.9	35.9	7.8	24.6	16.5	11.3	3.3	0.5
Embezzlement offences		1,358	227	54	198	330	380	140	29
ollerices	%	100.0	16.7	4.0	14.6	24.3	28.0	10.3	2.1
Frauds	Suspected	22,758	8,258	1,812	5,581	4,334	2,289	370	114
	%	100.0	36.3	8.0	24.5	19.0	10.1	1.6	0.5
Means of	Suspected	1,371	503	126	394	220	100	25	3
payment frauds	%	99.9	36.7	9.2	28.7	16.0	7.3	1.8	0.2
Tax offences	Suspected	1,579	323	42	291	373	299	186	65
	%	100.0	20.5	2.7	18.4	23.6	18.9	11.8	4.1
Forgery	Suspected	2,523	1,042	185	580	326	249	104	37
offences	%	100.0	41.3	7.3	23.0	12.9	9.9	4.1	1.5
Dishonesty by	Suspected	570	89	20	57	114	158	101	31
a debtor	%	99.9	15.6	3.5	10.0	20.0	27.7	17.7	5.4
Offences	Suspected	24,742	5,388	1,283	4,914	5,262	5,351	2,269	275
against life and health	%	100.1	21.8	5.2	19.9	21.3	21.6	9.2	1.1
Homicides and	Suspected	77	25	6	18	20	7	1	_
attempts thereof	%	100.1	32.5	7.8	23.4	26.0	9.1	1.3	_
Assault	Suspected	22,841	4,996	1,191	4,633	4,910	4,922	1,984	205
offences	%	100.0	21.9	5.2	20.3	21.5	21.5	8.7	0.9
Sexual crimes	Suspected	1,884	417	100	341	431	393	185	17
	%	100.0	22.1	5.3	18.1	22.9	20.9	9.8	0.9
Drunken	Suspected	16,390	3,869	895	3,176	3,313	3,670	1,276	191
driving	%	100.1	23.6	5.5	19.4	20.2	22.4	7.8	1.2
Narcotics	Suspected	22,315	8,745	1,951	5,771	3,440	1,992	360	56
offences	%	100.0	39.2	8.7	25.9	15.4	8.9	1.6	0.3
4 Endangering	Suspected	395,711	35,075	10,208	27,224	58,339	138,196	100,889	25,780
of traffic safety,	%	J9J, / 11	55,075	10,200	21,224	50,559	130,180	100,009	25,760
leaving the scene of a traffic accident without permission, traffic infraction	/0	100.0	8.9	2.6	6.9	14.7	34.9	25.5	6.5

Offences		Total	- 2,499	2,500 - 4,999	5,000 - 9,999	10,000 - 19,999	20,000 - 39,999	40,000 - 79,999	80,000 and over
ENTIRE	Suspected	4 575,145	358,999	105,218	417,684	1 065,455	1 665,533	816,321	145,935
POPULATION	%	99.9	7.8	2.3	9.1	23.3	36.4	17.8	3.2

¹⁾ The same person can be a suspect several times during the year

Appendix table 4. Persons suspected of offences and the entire population by socio-economic group in 2016, aged 15 and ${\rm over}^{1)}$

Offences		Total	Self-employed persons	Upper-level employees	Lower-level employees	Workers	Students	Pensioners	Other, unknown
1 Offences and	Suspected	632,589	57,666	59,611	85,687	112,624	72,268	71,017	173,716
infractions total	%	99.9	9.1	9.4	13.5	17.8	11.4	11.2	27.5
2 Offences	Suspected	290,424	15,959	11,348	23,888	42,125	44,998	27,995	124,111
against the Criminal Code	%	99.9	5.5	3.9	8.2	14.5	15.5	9.6	42.7
3 Offences A to	Suspected	236,879	10,396	5,559	15,181	29,677	36,962	22,412	116,692
F	%	100.0	4.4	2.3	6.4	12.5	15.6	9.5	49.3
Offences	Suspected	94,516	2,517	1,245	4,871	7,257	14,892	9,646	54,088
against property	%	100.1	2.7	1.3	5.2	7.7	15.8	10.2	57.2
Theft offences	Suspected	46,024	525	368	1,697	2,565	7,021	5,677	28,171
THOIC GIRCHIGGS	%	100.0	1.1	0.8	3.7	5.6	15.3	12.3	61.2
Robbery	Suspected	1,382	20	4	40	91	369	119	739
offences	%	100.0	1.4	0.3	2.9	6.6	26.7	8.6	53.5
Damage to	Suspected	8,250	240	189	446	984	1,965	813	3.613
property	%	100.0	2.9	2.3	5.4	11.9	23.8	9.9	43.8
Embezzlement		1,358	136	82	279	178	23.8	150	43.8
offences	%								
Facuals		99.9	10.0	6.0	20.5	13.1	7.9	11.0	31.4
Frauds	Suspected	22,758	446	221	1,502	1,882	3,491	1,539	13,677
	%	100.1	2.0	1.0	6.6	8.3	15.3	6.8	60.1
Means of payment frauds	Suspected	1,371	34	16	72	98	184	153	814
, ,	%	100.1	2.5	1.2	5.3	7.1	13.4	11.2	59.4
Tax offences	Suspected	1,579	223	60	124	228	106	228	610
	%	99.9	14.1	3.8	7.9	14.4	6.7	14.4	38.6
Forgery offences	Suspected	2,523	126	53	144	173	352	170	1,505
ollerices	%	100.1	5.0	2.1	5.7	6.9	14.0	6.7	59.7
Dishonesty by	Suspected	570	118	44	68	89	17	61	173
a debtor	%	100.0	20.7	7.7	11.9	15.6	3.0	10.7	30.4
Offences	Suspected	24,742	1,338	770	2,153	4,878	3,719	2,269	9,615
against life and health	%	100.0	5.4	3.1	8.7	19.7	15.0	9.2	38.9
Homicides and	Suspected	77	9	1	3	8	10	12	34
attempts thereof	%	100.1	11.7	1.3	3.9	10.4	13.0	15.6	44.2
Assault	Suspected	22,841	1,209	642	1,950	4,513	3,440	1,996	9,091
offences	%	100.0	5.3	2.8	8.5	19.8	15.1	8.7	39.8
Sexual crimes	Suspected	1,884	104	82	177	393	324	199	605
	%	100.1	5.5	4.4	9.4	20.9	17.2	10.6	32.1
Drunken	Suspected	16,390	785	470	1,070	3,017	1,927	1,758	7,363
driving	%	100.0	4.8	2.9	6.5	18.4	11.8	10.7	44.9
Narcotics	Suspected	22,315	421	204	1,076	2,642	4,451	1,142	12,379
offences	%	99.9	1.9	0.9	4.8	11.8	19.9	5.1	55.5
4 Endangering	Suspected	395,711	47,270	54,052	70,506	82,947	35,306	48,605	57,025
of traffic safety, leaving the scene of a traffic accident without permission, traffic infraction	%	100.0	11.9	13.7	17.8	21.0	8.9	12.3	14.4

Offences		Total	Self-employed persons	Upper-level employees		Workers	Students	Pensioners	Other, unknown
ENTIRE	Suspected	4 575,145	249,042	501,910	851,944	681,109	416,017	1 361,552	513,571
POPULATION	%	100.0	5.4	11.0	18.6	14.9	9.1	29.8	11.2

¹⁾ The same person can be a suspect several times during the year $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$

Appendix table 5. Persons suspected of offences and the entire population by main activity in 2016, aged 15 and ${\sf over}^{1)}$

Offences		Total	Employed	Unemployed	Students	Pensioners	Other inactive population
1 Offences and	Suspected	632,589	303,752	105,152	83,893	68,300	71,492
infractions total	%	100.0	48.0	16.6	13.3	10.8	11.3
2 Offences	Suspected	290,424	85,936	73,173	50,165	26,001	55,149
against the Criminal Code	%	100.1	29.6	25.2	17.2	9.0	10.0
3 Offences A to	Suspected	236,879	53,736	68,303	17.3 41,723	20,516	19.0 52,601
F	%	100.0	22.7	28.8	17.6	8.7	22.2
Offences	Suspected	94,516	13,249	30,591	16,344	8,739	25,593
against	%	94,510	13,249	30,591	10,344	0,739	25,593
property	70	100.0	14.0	32.4	17.3	9.2	27.1
Theft offences	Suspected	46,024	3,661	15,340	7,895	5,096	14,032
	%	100.1	8.0	33.3	17.2	11.1	30.5
Robbery	Suspected	1,382	85	369	455	94	379
offences	%	100.0	6.2	26.7	32.9	6.8	27.4
Damage to	Suspected	8,250	1,476	2,254	2,206	762	1,552
property	%	99.9	17.9	27.3	26.7	9.2	18.8
	Suspected	1,358	657	280	113	138	170
offences	%	100.0	48.4	20.6	8.3	10.2	12.5
Frauds	Suspected	22,758	3,767	8,165	3,573	1,435	5,818
	%	100.1	16.6	35.9	15.7	6.3	25.6
Means of	Suspected	1,371	184	417	191	130	449
payment frauds	%	99.9	13.4	30.4	13.9	9.5	32.7
Tax offences	Suspected	1,579	605	380	104	222	268
	%	100.1	38.3	24.1	6.6	14.1	17.0
Forgery	Suspected	2,523	451	778	379	156	759
offences	%	100.0	17.9	30.8	15.0	6.2	30.1
Dishonesty by	Suspected	570	317	88	14	57	94
a debtor	%	100.0	55.6	15.4	2.5	10.0	16.5
Offences	Suspected	24,742	8,594	6,249	4,057	2,144	3,698
against life and health	%	100.0	34.7	25.3	16.4	8.7	14.9
Homicides and	Suspected	77	19	16	9	12	21
attempts	%	100.1					
thereof	0 1 1	100.1	24.7	20.8	11.7	15.6	27.3
Assault offences	Suspected	22,841	7,797	5,933	3,758	1,887	3,466
	%	100.1	34.1	26.0	16.5	8.3	15.2
Sexual crimes	Suspected	1,884	730	349	341	188	276
	%	99.9	38.7	18.5	18.1	10.0	14.6
Drunken driving	Suspected	16,390	5,061	4,512	2,058	1,657	3,102
_	%	100.0	30.9	27.5	12.6	10.1	18.9
Narcotics offences	Suspected	22,315	3,724	7,320	4,722	970	5,579
	%	100.0	16.7	32.8	21.2	4.3	25.0
4 Endangering of traffic safety, leaving the scene of a traffic accident without permission,	%	395,711	250,017	36,849	42,170	47,784	18,891
traffic infraction		100.1	63.2	9.3	10.7	12.1	4.8

Offences		Total	Employed	Unemployed	Students	Pensioners	Other inactive population
ENTIRE	Suspected	4 575,145	2 274,076	362,627	412,686	1 348,240	177,516
POPULATION	%	100.0	49.7	7.9	9.0	29.5	3.9

¹⁾ The same person can be a suspect several times during the year

Appendix table 6. Persons suspected of offences and the entire population by level of education in 2016, aged 15 and ${\sf over}^{1)}$

Offences		Total	Primary education	Upper secondary education	Lowest level tertiary education	Lower-degree level tertiary education	Higher-degree level tertiary education
1 Offences and		632,589	251,341	245,814	42,191	48,682	44,561
infractions total	%	100.0	39.7	38.9	6.7	7.7	7.0
2 Offences	Suspected	290,424	163,400	99,031	9,255	10,797	7,941
against the Criminal Code	%	100.0	56.3	34.1	3.2	3.7	2.7
3 Offences A to	Suspected	236,879	147,929	74,348	5,426	5,492	3,684
F	%	100.0	62.4	31.4	2.3	2.3	1.6
Offences	Suspected	94,516	66,197	24,487	1,655	1,296	881
against property	%	100.0	70.0	25.9	1.8	1.4	0.9
Theft offences	Suspected	46,024	33,741	10,992	642	336	313
	%	100.0	73.3	23.9	1.4	0.7	0.7
Robbery	Suspected	1,382	1,183	197	-	1	1
offences	%	100.1	85.6	14.3	-	0.1	0.1
Damage to	Suspected	8,250	5,357	2,586	99	135	73
property	%	99.9	64.9	31.3	1.2	1.6	0.9
Embezzlement	Suspected	1,358	569	565	111	69	44
offences	%	100.0	41.9	41.6	8.2	5.1	3.2
Frauds	Suspected	22,758	16,377	5,674	263	308	136
	%	100.1	72.0	24.9	1.2	1.4	0.6
Means of	Suspected	1,371	1,035	297	13	16	10
payment frauds	%	100.0	75.5	21.7	0.9	1.2	0.7
Tax offences	Suspected	1,579	738	640	91	58	52
	%	100.0	46.7	40.5	5.8	3.7	3.3
Forgery	Suspected	2,523	1,747	590	45	91	50
offences	%	100.0	69.2	23.4	1.8	3.6	2.0
Dishonesty by	Suspected	570	209	210	80	46	25
a debtor	%	100.0	36.7	36.8	14.0	8.1	4.4
Offences	Suspected	24,742	12,670	9,937	770	809	556
against life and health	%	100.0	51.2	40.2	3.1	3.3	2.2
Homicides and	Suspected	77	42	31	1	3	-
attempts thereof	%	100.0	54.5	40.3	1.3	3.9	_
Assault	Suspected	22,841	11,812	9,205	652	706	466
offences	%	100.0	51.7	40.3		3.1	2.0
Sexual crimes	Suspected	1,884	903	789		72	64
	%	100.0	47.9	41.9	3.0	3.8	3.4
Drunken	Suspected	16,390	8,461	6,520		442	333
driving	%	100.0	51.6	39.8		2.7	2.0
Narcotics	Suspected	22,315	14,583	7,254		268	99
offences	%	100.0	65.4	32.5	0.5	1.2	0.4
4 Endangering	Suspected	395,711	103,413	171,466			40,877
of traffic safety, leaving the scene of a traffic accident without permission,	%						
traffic infraction		99.9	26.1	43.3	9.3	10.9	10.3

Offences		Total	Primary education	Upper secondary education		level tertiary	Higher-degree level tertiary education
ENTIRE	Suspected	4 575,145	1 333,629	1 866,006	446,816	483,312	445,382
POPULATION	%	100.0	29.1	40.8	9.8	10.6	9.7

¹⁾ The same person can be a suspect several times during the year

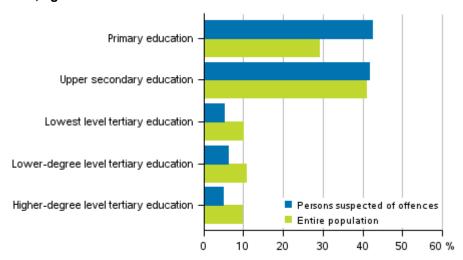
Appendix table 7. Persons suspect of offences against the Criminal Code by origin, age group and sex and the share of suspects in the population in 2016

Origin and a	ge group	Sex total		Men		Women	
		Persons suspected	share of suspects in the population %	Persons suspected	share of suspects in the population %	Persons suspected	share of suspects in the population %
Origin total	Agegroup total	139,119	2.5	107,037	4.0	32,082	1.2
	0 - 14	4,937	0.6	3,663	0.8	1,274	0.3
	15 - 17	7,686	4.3	6,058	6.7	1,628	1.9
	18 - 20	13,751	7.3	10,692	11.0	3,059	3.3
	21 - 24	15,362	5.6	11,966	8.5	3,396	2.5
	25 - 29	15,796	4.6	12,308	7.0	3,488	2.1
	30 - 39	27,655	3.9	21,289	5.9	6,366	1.9
	40 - 49	22,226	3.3	16,733	4.9	5,493	1.7
	over 50	31,706	1.4	24,328	2.3	7,378	0.6
Person with	Agegroup total	123,674	2.4	94,524	3.7	29,150	1.1
Finnish background	0 - 14	4,289	0.5	3,195	0.8	1,094	0.3
total	15 - 17	7,110	4.3	5,599	6.6	1,511	1.9
	18 - 20	12,698	7.1	9,817	10.8	2,881	3.3
	21 - 24	13,634	5.4	10,508	8.1	3,126	2.5
	25 - 29	13,105	4.3	10,024	6.4	3,081	2.1
	30 - 39	23,222	3.7	17,631	5.5	5,591	1.8
	40 - 49	19,656	3.2	14,726	4.7	4,930	1.6
	over 50	29,960	1.4	23,024	2.3	6,936	0.6
	Agegroup total	121,275	2.4	92,764	3.7	28,511	1.1
Finnish background	0 - 14	4,197	0.5	3,131	0.7	1,066	0.3
born in	15 - 17	6,973	4.2	5,492	6.5	1,481	1.8
Finland	18 - 20	12,503	7.1	9,668	10.7	2,835	3.3
	21 - 24	13,400	5.3	10,337	8.0	3,063	2.5
	25 - 29	12,743	4.2	9,774	6.3	2,969	2.0
	30 - 39	22,440	3.7	17,052	5.4	5,388	1.8
	40 - 49	19,192	3.2	14,384	4.7	4,808	1.6
	over 50	29,827	1.4	22,926	2.3	6,901	0.6
	Agegroup total	2,399	4.8	1,760	6.8	639	2.6
Finnish background	0 - 14	92	0.9	64	1.3	28	0.6
born abroad	15 - 17	137	6.3	107	9.3	30	2.9
	18 - 20	195	10.1	149	15.6	46	4.7
	21 - 24	234	9.2	171	13.2	63	5.1
	25 - 29	362	8.5	250	11.4	112	5.5
	30 - 39	782	5.9	579	8.4	203	3.2
	40 - 49	464	4.2	342	6.0	122	2.3
	over 50	133	2.6	98	3.7	35	1.4

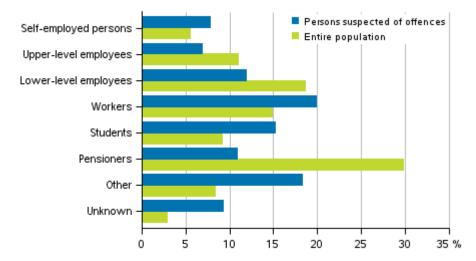
Origin and a	ge group	Sex total		Men		Women	
		Persons suspected	share of suspects in the population %	Persons suspected	share of suspects in the population %	Persons suspected	share of suspects in the population %
	Agegroup total	15,211	4.5	12,300	7.1	2,911	1.7
foreign background	0 - 14	643	1.0	464	1.4	179	0.6
total	15 - 17	556	5.4	439	8.4	117	2.3
	18 - 20	1,034	9.2	857	14.9	177	3.2
	21 - 24	1,692	8.8	1,426	14.4	266	2.8
	25 - 29	2,641	6.9	2,235	11.5	406	2.2
	30 - 39	4,376	5.6	3,608	8.7	768	2.1
	40 - 49	2,547	4.7	1,987	7.1	560	2.1
	over 50	1,722	2.6	1,284	4.2	438	1.3
	Agegroup total	974	1.8	763	2.8	211	0.8
foreign background	0 - 14	294	0.7	211	1.0	83	0.4
born in	15 - 17	195	5.1	157	8.2	38	2.0
Finland	18 - 20	251	8.3	205	13.5	46	3.1
	21 - 24	154	7.2	129	11.4	25	2.5
	25 - 29	34	8.1	22	10.4	12	5.8
	30 - 39	17	7.7	15	11.8		
	40 - 49						
	over 50	22	1.2	19	2.0		
	Agegroup total	14,237	5.0	11,537	7.9	2,700	1.9
foreign background	0 - 14	349	1.6	253	2.2	96	0.9
born abroad	15 - 17	361	5.6	282	8.5	79	2.5
	18 - 20	783	9.5	652	15.4	131	3.3
	21 - 24	1,538	9.0	1,297	14.8	241	2.9
	25 - 29	2,607	6.9	2,213	11.5	394	2.1
	30 - 39	4,359	5.6	3,593	8.7	766	2.1
	40 - 49	2,540	4.7	1,982	7.1	558	2.1
	over 50	1,700	2.7	1,265	4.3	435	1.3
Origin	Agegroup total	234		213		21	
unknown	0 - 14						
	15 - 17	20		20			
	18 - 20	19		18			
	21 - 24	36		32			
	25 - 29	50		49			
	30 - 39	57		50			
	40 - 49	23		20			
	over 50	24		20			

Appendix figures

Appendix figure 1. Persons suspected of offences against the Criminal Code and the entire population by level of education in 2016, aged 15 and over



Appendix figure 2. Persons suspected of offences against the Criminal Code and the entire population by socio-economic group in 2016, aged 15 and over





Suomen virallinen tilasto Finlands officiella statistik Official Statistics of Finland

Justice 2017

Inquiries

Kimmo Haapakangas 029 551 3252 Director in charge: Jari Tarkoma

rikos@stat.fi

http://www.tilastokeskus.fi/til/rpk/index_en.html

Source: Statistics on offences and coercive measures 2016, Offences reported. Statistics Finland